RayBio® Human IL-12 (P70) ELISA Kit

User Manual (Revised Mar 1, 2012)

RayBio[®] Human IL-12(P70) ELISA Kit Protocol

(Cat#: ELH-IL12P70-001)



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I. INTRODUCTION

IL-12 is a heterodimeric 70 kDa glycoprotein (IL-12-p70) consisting of a 40 kDa subunit. It is secreted by peripheral lymphocytes after induction and is produced mainly by B-cells and to a lesser extent by T-cells. The most powerful inducers of IL-12 are bacteria, bacterial products, and parasites. IL-12 is produced after stimulation with Phorbol esters or Calcium ionophore by human B-lymphoblastoid cells. IL-12 activates NK-cells positive for CD56, and this activity is blocked by antibodies specific for TNF-alpha. IL-12 promotes specific allogenic CTL reactions. IL-12 synergizes also with anti-CD3 antibodies and with allogeneic stimulation in mixed lymphocyte cultures in inducing T-cell proliferation.

The RayBio® Human IL-12(P70) ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is an in vitro enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay for the quantitative measurement of human IL-12(P70) in serum, plasma (human IL-12(P70) concentration is pretty low in normal serum/plasma, it may not be detected in this assay), cell culture supernatants and urine. This assay employs an antibody specific for human IL-12(P70) coated on a 96-well plate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and IL-12(P70) present in a sample is bound to the wells by the immobilized antibody. The wells are washed and biotinylated anti-human IL-12 antibody is added. After washing away unbound biotinylated antibody, HRP-conjugated streptavidin is pipetted to the wells. The wells are again washed, a TMB substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of IL-12(P70) bound. The Stop Solution changes the color from blue to yellow, and the intensity of the color is measured at 450 nm.

II. REAGENTS

1. IL-12(P70) Microplate (Item A): 96 wells (12 strips x 8 wells) coated with anti-human IL-12(P70).

- 2. Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x) (Item B): 25 ml of 20x concentrated solution.
- 3. Standards (Item C): 2 vials, recombinant human IL-12(P70).
- 4. Assay Diluent A (Item D): 30 ml, 0.09% sodium azide as preservative. For Standard/Sample (serum/plasma) diluent.
- 5. Assay Diluent B (Item E): 15 ml of 5x concentrated buffer. For Standard/Sample (cell culture medium/urine) diluent.
- 6. Detection Antibody IL-12(P70) (Item F): 2 vial of biotinylated antihuman IL-12(P70) (each vial is enough to assay half microplate).
- 7. HRP-Streptavidin Concentrate (Item G): 200 µl 300x concentrated HRP-conjugated streptavidin.
- 8. TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H): 12 ml of 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) in buffered solution.
- 9. Stop Solution (Item I): 8 ml of 0.2 M sulfuric acid.

III. STORAGE

May be stored for up to 6 months at 2° to 8°C from the date of shipment. Standard (recombinant protein) should be stored at -20°C or -80 °C (recommended at -80°C) after reconstitution. Opened Microplate Wells or reagents may be store for up to 1 month at 2° to 8°C. Return unused wells to the pouch containing desiccant pack, reseal along entire edge. Note: the kit can be used within one year if the whole kit is stored at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

IV. ADDITIONAL MATERIALS REQUIRED

- 1 Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- 2 Precision pipettes to deliver 2 µl to 1 ml volumes.
- 3 Adjustable 1-25 ml pipettes for reagent preparation.
- 4 100 ml and 1 liter graduated cylinders.
- 5 Absorbent paper.
- 6 Distilled or deionized water.

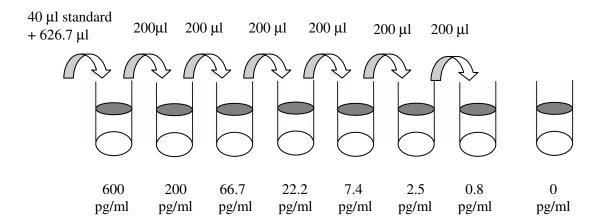
- 7 Log-log graph paper or computer and software for ELISA data analysis.
- 8 Tubes to prepare standard or sample dilutions.

V. REAGENT PREPARATION

- 1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 25°C) before use.
- 2. Sample dilution: If your samples need to be diluted, Assay Diluent A (Item D) is used for dilution of serum/plasma samples. 1x Assay Diluent B (Item E) should be used for dilution of culture supernatants and urine.

Suggested dilution for normal serum/plasma: 2 fold*.

- *Please note that levels of the target protein may vary between different specimens. Optimal dilution factors for each sample must be determined by the investigator.
- 3. Assay Diluent B should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water.
- 4. Preparation of standard: **Briefly spin the vial of Item C** and then add 400 μl Assay Diluent A (for serum/plasma samples) or 1x Assay Diluent B (for cell culture medium and urine, Assay Diluent B should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water) into Item C vial to prepare a 10 ng/ml standard. **Dissolve the powder thoroughly by a gentle mix.** Add 40 μl IL-12 (P70) standard from the vial of Item C, into a tube with 626.7 μl Assay Diluent A or 1x Assay Diluent B to prepare a 600 pg/ml stock standard solution. Pipette 400 μl Assay Diluent A or 1x Assay Diluent B into each tube. Use the stock standard solution to produce a dilution series (shown below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. Assay Diluent A or 1x Assay Diluent B serves as the zero standard (0 pg/ml).



- 5. If the Wash Concentrate (20x) (Item B) contains visible crystals, warm to room temperature and mix gently until dissolved. Dilute 20 ml of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to yield 400 ml of 1x Wash Buffer.
- 6. Briefly spin the Detection Antibody vial (Item F) before use. Add 100 μl of 1x Assay Diluent B into the vial to prepare a detection antibody concentrate. Pipette up and down to mix gently (the concentrate can be stored at 4°C for 5 days). The detection antibody concentrate should be diluted 80-fold with 1x Assay Diluent B and used in step 4 of Part VI Assay Procedure.
- 7. Briefly spin the HRP-Streptavidin concentrate vial (Item G) before use. HRP-Streptavidin concentrate should be diluted 300-fold with 1x Assay Diluent B.

For example: Briefly spin the vial (Item G) and pipette up and down to mix gently. Add 50 µl of HRP-Streptavidin concentrate into a tube with 15 ml 1x Assay Diluent B to prepare a final 300 fold diluted HRP-Streptavidin solution (don't store the diluted solution for next day use). Mix well.

VI. ASSAY PROCEDURE:

- 1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 25°C) before use. It is recommended that all standards and samples be run at least in duplicate.
- 2. Add 100 µl of each standard (see Reagent Preparation step 2) and sample into appropriate wells. Cover well and incubate for 2.5 hours at room temperature or over night at 4°C with gentle shaking.
- 3. Discard the solution and wash 4 times with 1x Wash Solution. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (300 µl) using a multi-channel Pipette or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
- 4. Add 100 µl of 1x prepared biotinylated antibody (Reagent Preparation step 6) to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with gentle shaking.
- 5. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 3.
- 6. Add 100 µl of prepared Streptavidin solution (see Reagent Preparation step 7) to each well. Incubate for 45 minutes at room temperature with gentle shaking.
- 7. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 3.
- 8. Add 100 µl of TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H) to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark with gentle shaking.

9. Add 50 µl of Stop Solution (Item I) to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

VII. ASSAY PROCEDURE SUMMARY

1. Prepare all reagents, samples and standards as instructed.



2. Add 100 μ l standard or sample to each well. Incubate 2.5 hours at room temperature or over night at 4°C.



3. Add 100 µl prepared biotin antibody to each well. Incubate 1 hour at room temperature.



4. Add 100 μl prepared Streptavidin solution. Incubate 45 minutes at room temperature.



5. Add 100 µl TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent to each well. Incubate 30 minutes at room temperature.



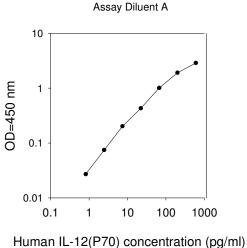
6. Add 50 µl Stop Solution to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

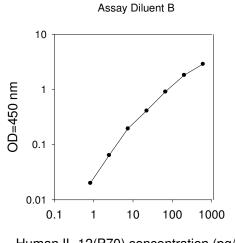
VIII. CALCULATION OF RESULTS

Calculate the mean absorbance for each set of duplicate standards, controls and samples, and subtract the average zero standard optical density. Plot the standard curve on log-log graph paper or using Sigma plot software, with standard concentration on the x-axis and absorbance on the y-axis. Draw the best-fit straight line through the standard points.

A. TYPICAL DATA

These standard curves are for demonstration only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.





Human IL-12(P70) concentration (pg/ml)

B. SENSITIVITY

The minimum detectable dose of IL-12(P70) is typically less than 1 pg/ml.

C. RECOVERY

Recovery was determined by spiking various levels of human IL-12 (P70) into human serum, plasma and cell culture media. Mean recoveries are as follows:

Sample Type	Average % Recovery	Range (%)
Serum	83.34	78-102
Plasma	85.63	79-101
Cell culture media	95.52	88-109

D. LINEARITY

Sample Type		Serum	Plasma	Cell Culture Media
1:2	Average % of Expected Range (%)	86 77-101	87 78-102	92 81-104
1:4	Average % of Expected Range (%)	92 80-103	90 81-102	91 79-102
1:8	Average % of Expected Range (%)	87 81-102	93 82-104	89 80-103

E. REPRODUCIBILITY

Intra-Assay: CV<10% Inter-Assay: CV<12%

IX. SPECIFICITY

Cross Reactivity: This ELISA kit shows no cross-reactivity with any of the cytokines tested (*e.g.*, human Angiogenin, BDNF, BLC, ENA-78, FGF-4, IL-1α, IL-1β, IL-2, IL-3, IL-4, IL-5, IL-7, IL-8, IL-9, IL-10, IL-11, IL-12 p40, IL-13, IL-15, IL-309, IP-10, G-CSF, GM-CSF, IFN-γ, Leptin, MCP-1, MCP-2, MCP-3, MDC, MIP-1α, MIP-1 β, MIP-1δ, PARC, PDGF, RANTES, SCF, TARC, TGF-β, TIMP-1, TIMP-2, TNF-α, TNF-β, TPO, VEGF).

X. REFERENCES:

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- 3. Wu CY et al. IL12 induces the production of IFN-gamma by neonatal human CD4 T cells. Journal of Immunology 151: 1938-49 (1993).
- 4. D'Andrea A et al. Interleukin 10 (IL10) inhibits human lymphocyte interferon gamma production by suppressing natural killer cell stimulatory factor/IL12 synthesis in accessory cells. Journal of Experimental Medicine 178: 1041-8 (1993).

XI. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Cause	Solution
Poor standard curve	Inaccurate pipetting	1. Check pipettes
	2. Improper standard dilution	 Ensure a brief spin of Item C and dissolve the powder thoroughly by a gentle mix.
2. Low signal	1.Too brief incubation times	Ensure sufficient incubation time; assay procedure step 2 may change to over night
	Inadequate reagent volumes or improper dilution	Check pipettes and ensure correct preparation
3. Large CV	 Inaccurate pipetting 	 Check pipettes
4. High background	Plate is insufficiently washed	 Review the manual for proper wash. If using a plate washer, check that all ports are unobstructed.
	Contaminated wash buffer	Make fresh wash buffer
5. Low sensitivity	Improper storage of the ELISA kit	1. Store your standard at<-20°C after reconstitution, others at 4 °C. Keep substrate solution protected from light
	2. Stop solution	Stop solution should be added to each well before measure

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