MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY



## Anti-PTP1B (3A7)

Background vivo, tyrosine phosphorylation is reversible and dynamic; the phosphorylation states are governed by the opposing activites of protein tyrosine (PTKs) and protein tyrosine phosphatases (PTPs). PTPs are involved in controlling of diverse array of cellular process. They are large(~100) structurally diverse family of enzymes. PTPs contain one or two catalytic domains which is approximately 280 residues and are characterized by the existence of the signature motif HC(X)5R. The Cys and Arg residues in this motif have essential functions for catalytic activity. PTPs regulate cell growth and metabolism, with special emphasis on its ability to regulate integrin, growth factor, and cytokine signaling.

Immunogen: Recombinant human protein

purified from *E.coli* 

**Host**: Mouse

**Clone number:** 3A7

**Isotype**: IgG2a, k

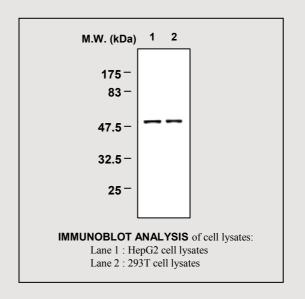
**Size**: 100ul

**Composition :** PBS containing 50% glycerol

**Positive control :** HepG2 Cell lysates

**Storage :** Store for 1 year at -20°C from date of shipment

## Species cross reactivity Human Mouse Rat + - -



## **Applications:**

Western Blotting (1:2000)

## **Background Reference:**

- 1) Tonks, N.K. (2003) FEBS Lett. 546(1), 140-148
- 2) Zhang, Z.Y. (2002) Annu. Rev. Pharmacol. Toxicol. 42, 209-234
- 3) Neel, B.G. and Tonks, N.K. (1997) Curr. Opin. Cell. Biol. 9, 193-204

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