POLYCLONAL ANTIBODY



Anti-NF-KB Rel A (Anti-Nuclear Factor- kappa B, p65)

Background: NF-κB (Nuclear Factor kappa B) is a nuclear transcription factor found in all cell types and is involved in cellular responses to stimuli such as stress, cytokines, free radicals, ultraviolet irradiation, and bacterial or viral antigens. NF-kB plays a key role in regulating the immune response to infection. Consistent with this role, incorrect regulation of NF-kB has been linked to cancer, inflammatory and autoimmune diseases, septic shock, viral infection and improper immune development. There are five members in the NF-KB family: NF-KB1, NF-κB2, RelA (also named p65), RelB, and c-Rel. RelA(p65) subunit of NF-KB is a crucial regulator of apoptosis. RelA subunit mediates resistance to programmed cell death induced by many stimuli, including TNF, chemotherapy agents and ionizing radiation, through inducing the expression of a wide variety of anti-apoptotic genes.

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide

Host: Rabbit **Type**: Purified **Isotype**: IgG

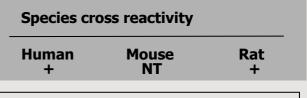
Size: $100 \ \mu\ell$

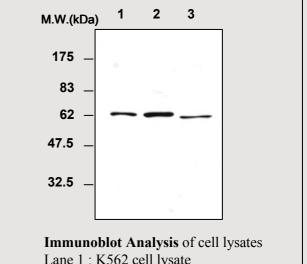
Composition : PBS containing 50% glycerol

Positive control: K562 cell lysate

Storage: Store for 1 year at -20°C from date

of shipment





Lane 1 : K562 cell lysate Lane 2 : HeLa cell lysate Lane 3 : H9c2 cell lysate

Applications:

Western blotting (1:2,000)

Background Reference:

1) Campbell KJ, Perkins ND. Cell Cycle. 2004; vol.3(7): pp.869-72.

2) Perkins ND. Trends Cell Biol. 2004; vol.14(2): pp.64-9.

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