

Peroxiredoxin II Mouse, Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product Data Sheet

Source of Antigen: E.coli Cat. No.:

Host: Rabbit LF-PA0091 (100 ul)

Other names: Prx

Preparation

Hepes with 0.15M NaCl, 0.01% BSA, 0.03% sodium azide, and 50% glycerol

Species Reactivity

Human (+), Mouse (+), Rat (+)

Storage/Stability

Store for 1 year at -20°C from date of shipment

Applications

Western blotting

Introduction to the Molecule

Peroxiredoxin (Prx) is a growing peroxidase family, whose mammalian members have been known to connect with cell proliferation, differentiation, and apoptosis. Many isoforms (about 50 proteins), collected in accordance to the amino acid sequence homology, particularly amino-terminal region containing active site cysteine residue, and the thiol-specific antioxidant activity, distribute throughout all the kingdoms. Among them, mammalian Prx consists of 6 different members grouped into typical 2- Cys, atypical 2-Cys Prx, and 1-Cys Prx. Except Prx VI belonging to 1-Cys Prx subgroup, the other five 2-Cys Prx isotypes have the thioredoxin-dependent peroxidase (TPx) activity utilizing thioredoxin, thioredoxin reductase, and NADPH as a reducing system. Mammalian Prxs are 20 - 30 kilodalton in molecular size and vary in subcellular localization: Prx I, II, and VI in cytosol, Prx III in mitochondria, Prx IV in ER and secretion, Prx V showing complicated distribution including peroxisome, mitochondria and cytosol.

Gentaur Molecular Products Voortstraat 49 1910 Kampenhout, Belgium http://www.gentaur-worldwide.com