POLYCLONAL ANTIBODY



Anti-VDAC1

Background : Voltage-dependent anion channel(VDAC) proteins are abundant, pore-forming proteins belonging to the eukaryotic mitochondrial porins. It was discovered in the mitochondrial outer membrane. It also is expressed in the plasma membrane. At least three different VDAC genes have been identified in vertebrates. VDAC proteins are known to play essential role in metabolism and in the early stages of apoptosis. For example, VDAC contitutes a major pathway by which metabolites such as ADP/ATP, succinate and citrate are exchanged between the cytosol and mitochondria. And VDAC1 in the plasma membrane establishes a novel level of apoptosis regulation putatively via its redox activity.

Immunogen : Synthesis peptide (KLH coupled) corresponding to C-terminal residues of Human VDAC1

Host: Rabbit

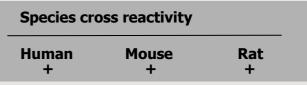
Size: $100 \mu \ell$

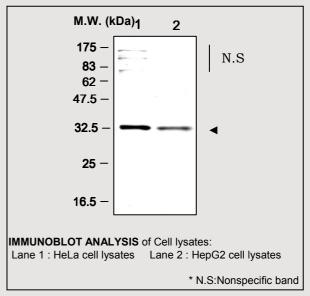
Composition : PBS containing 50% glycerol

Positive control : HepG2 cell lysates

Storage : store for 1 year at -20°C from date

of shipment





Applications:

Western Blotting (1:2,000)

Background Reference:

- (1) Hinsch KD, et al.(2004) *J. Biol. Chem.* **279**(15) :15281-8
- (2) Liberatori S, et al.(2004) *Proteomics*, **4**(5) :1335-40
- (3) Alfons Lawen, et al.(2005) *Int J Biochem Cell Biol.* **37**(2):277-82
- (4) Mark A. Baker, et al.(2004) *J. Biol. Chem.* **279**(6):4811-4819

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