RayBio®Phospho-Met (Tyr1234/1235) ELISA Kit

For Measuring Phosphorylated Met (Tyr1234/1235) in Human and Mouse Cell Lysates

User Manual (Revised Mar 1, 2012)

RayBio[®] Met (Tyr1234/1235) ELISA Kit Protocol

(Cat#: PEL-Met-Y1234-001)



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I. INTRODUCTION

RayBio®Phospho-Met (Tyr1234/1235) ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is a very rapid, convenient and sensitive assay kit that can monitor the activation or function of important biological pathways in human and mouse cell lysates. By determining phosphorylated Met protein in your experimental model system, you can verify pathway activation in your cell lysates. You can simultaneously measure numerous different cell lysates without spending excess time and effort in performing a Western Blotting analysis.

This Sandwich ELISA kit is an in vitro enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay for the measurement of human and mouse phospho-Met (Tyr1234/1235). An anti-pan Met antibody has been coated onto a 96-well plate. Samples are pipetted into the wells and Met present in a sample is bound to the wells by the immobilized antibody. The wells are washed and anti-Met (Tyr1234/1235) antibody is used to detect phosphorylated Met (Tyr1234/1235). After washing away unbound antibody, HRP-conjugated anti-rabbit IgG is pipetted to the wells. The wells are again washed, a TMB substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of Met (Tyr1234/1235) bound. The Stop Solution changes the color from blue to yellow, and the intensity of the color is measured at 450 nm.

II. MATERIAL PROVIDED

1. Met Microplate (Item A): 96 wells (12 strips x 8 wells) coated with anti-pan Met antibody.

- 2. Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x) (Item B): 25 ml of 20x concentrated solution
- 3. Assay Diluent (Item E): 15 ml of 5x concentrated buffer. For diluting cell lysate sample, detection antibody (Item C-1) and HRP-conjugated anti-rabbit IgG Concentrate (Item D-1).
- 4. Detection Antibody Met (Tyr1234/1235) (Item C-1): 2 vial of rabbit anti-Met (Tyr1234/1235) (each vial is enough to assay half microplate).
- 5. HRP-conjugated Anti-rabbit IgG (Item D-1), 25 µl of 1,000x HRP-conjugated anti-rabbit IgG concentrate.
- 6. TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H): 12 ml of 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) in buffered solution.
- 7. Stop Solution (Item I): 8 ml of 0.2 M sulfuric acid.
- 8. Cell Lysate Buffer (Item J): 5 ml 2x cell lysis buffer (not including protease and phosphatase inhibitors).
- 9. Positive Control H1993S001-1 (Item K): 2 vials of lyophilized powder from H1993 cell lysate.

III. STORAGE

Upon receipt, the kit should be stored at -20 °C. Please use within 6 months from the date of shipment. After initial use, Wash Buffer Concentrate (Item B), Assay Diluent (Item E), TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H), Stop Solution (Item I) and Cell Lysate Buffer (Item J) should be stored at 4 °C to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Return unused wells to the pouch containing desiccant pack, reseal along entire edge and store at -20 °C. Item D-1 store at 2-8 °C for up to one month (store at -20 °C for up to 6 months, avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles). Reconstituted Positive Control (Item K) should be stored at -70 °C.

IV. ADDITIONAL MATERIALS REQUIRED

- 1 Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- 2 Protease and Phosphatase inhibitors.
- 3 Shaker.
- 4 Precision pipettes to deliver 2 µl to 1 ml volumes.
- 5 Adjustable 1-25 ml pipettes for reagent preparation.
- 6 100 ml and 1 liter graduated cylinders.
- 7 Distilled or deionized water.
- 8 Tubes to prepare sample dilutions.

V. SAMPLE PREPARATION

Cell lysates - Rinse cells with PBS, making sure to remove any remaining PBS before adding the Cell Lysate Buffer. Solubilize cells at 4 x 10⁷ cells/ml in 1x Cell Lysate Buffer (we recommend adding protease and phosphatase inhibitors to Cell Lysate Buffer prior to sample preparation). Pipette up and down to resuspend and incubate the lysates with shaking at 2 - 8° C for 30 minutes. Microcentrifuge at 13,000 rpm for 10 minutes at 2 - 8° C, and transfer the supernates into a clean test tube. Lysates should be used immediately or aliquoted and stored at -70 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Thawed lysates should be kept on ice prior to use.

For the initial experiment, we recommend to do a serial dilution testing such as 5-fold and 50-fold dilution for your cell lysates with 1x Assay Diluent (Item E) before use.

Note: The fold dilution of sample used depends on the abundance of phosphorylated proteins and should be determined empirically. More of the sample can be used if signals are too weak. If signals are too strong, the sample can be diluted further.

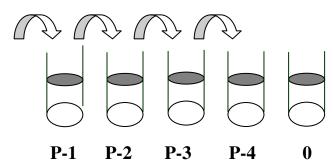
Cell Lysate Buffer should be diluted 2-fold with deionized or distilled water before use (recommend to add protease and phosphatase inhibitors).

VI. REAGENT PREPARATION

- 1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 25°C) before use.
- 2. Item E, Assay Diluent should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water before use.
- 3. Preparation of Positive Control: Briefly spin the Positive Control vial of Item K. Add 400 µl 1x Assay Diluent (Item E, Assay Diluent should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water before use) into Item K vial to prepare Positive Control (P-1) Solution (See i. Positive Control of part IX. TYPICAL DATA for a typical result in page 9). **Dissolve the powder thoroughly by a gentle mix** (it can be removed by centrifuge if any precipitate in the solution is found). Pipette 260 µl 1x Assay Diluent into each tube. Use the Positive Control (1) to produce a dilution series (shown below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. 1x Assay Diluent serves as the background.

Positive Control powder + 400 µl 1x Assay Diluent

130µ 130 130 µl



- 4. If the Wash Concentrate (20x) (Item B) contains visible crystals, warm to room temperature and mix gently until dissolved. Dilute 20 ml of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to yield 400 ml of 1x Wash Buffer.
- 5. Briefly spin the detection antibody (Item C) before use. Add Add 100 µl of 1x Assay Diluent into the vial to prepare a detection antibody concentrate. Pipette up and down to mix gently (the concentrate can be stored at 4°C for 5 days or at 80°C for one month). The rabbit anti-Met (Tyr1234/1235) Antibody should be diluted 55-fold with 1x Assay Diuent and used in step 4 of Part VII Assay Procedure.
- 6. Briefly spin the HRP-conjugated anti-rabbit IgG (Item D) before use. Pipette up and down to mix gently. HRP-conjugated anti-rabbit IgG concentrate should be diluted 1,000-fold with 1x Assay Diuent.

For example: Briefly spin the vial (ItemD) and pipette up and down to mix gently. Add 10 μ l of HRP-conjugated antirabbit IgG concentrate into a tube with 10 ml 1x Assay

Diluent to prepare a 500-fold diluted HRP-conjugated anti-rabbit IgG solution.

7. Cell Lysate Buffer should be diluted 2-folds with deionized or distilled water before use (recommend to add protease and phosphatase inhibitors).

VII. ASSAY PROCEDURE:

- 1. Bring all reagents to room temperature (18 25°C) before use. It is recommended that all samples or Positive Control should be run at least in duplicate.
- 2. Add 100 µl of each sample or positive control into appropriate wells. Cover well with plate holder and incubate for 2.5 hours at room temperature or over night at 4°C with shaking.
- 3. Discard the solution and wash 4 times with 1x Wash Solution. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (300 µl) using a multi-channel pipette or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
- 4. Add 100 μl of prepared 1x detection antibody anti-Met (Tyr1234/1235) (Reagent Preparation step 5) to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with shaking.

- 5. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 3.
- 6. Add 100 µl of prepared 1x HRP-conjugated anti-rabbit IgG (see Reagent Preparation step 6) to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with shaking.
- 7. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 3.
- 8. Add 100 µl of TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H) to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark with shaking.
- 9. Add 50 µl of Stop Solution (Item I) to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

VIII. ASSAY PROCEDURE SUMMARY

1. Prepare all reagents, samples and standards as instructed.

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2. Add 100 μl sample or positive control to each well. Incubate 2.5 hours at room temperature or over night at 4°C.



3. Add 100 µl prepared primary antibody to each well. Incubate 1.0 hours at room temperature.

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4. Add 100 μl prepared 1X HRP-Streptavidin solution.

Incubate 1 hour at room temperature.

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5. Add 100 µl TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent to each well. Incubate 30 minutes at room temperature.

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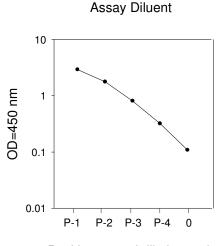
6. Add 50 µl Stop Solution to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

IX. TYPICAL DATA

ELISA data analysis: Average the duplicate readings for each sample or positive.

i. Positive Control

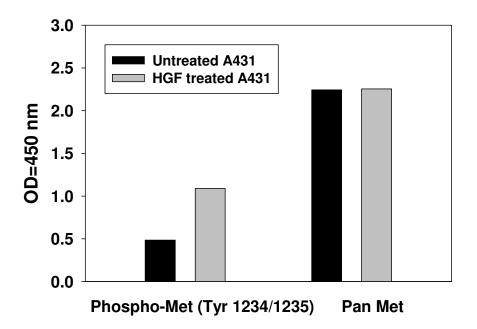
H1993 cells were cultured at 37°C for 4 days. Solubilize cells at 4 x 10⁷ cells/ml in Cell Lysate Buffer. Serial dilutions of lysates were analyzed in this ELISA. Please see step 3 of Part VI Reagent Preparation for detail.



Positive control dilution series

ii. Recombinant Human HGF Stimulation of A431 Cell Lines

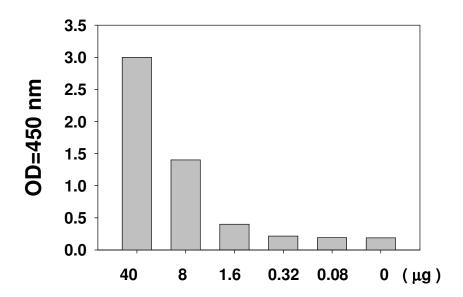
A431 cells were treated or untreated with 50 ng/ml recombinant human HGF for 5 min. Cell lysates were analyzed using this phosphoELISA.



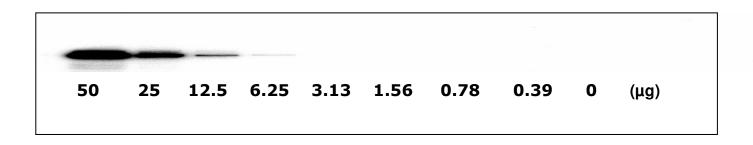
iii. SENSITIVITY

H1993 cells were cultured at 37°C for 4 days. Solubilize cells at 4 x 10⁷ cells/ml in Cell Lysate Buffer. Serial dilutions of lysates were analyzed in this ELISA and by Western blot. Immunoblots were incubated with anti-phospho-Met (Tyr1234/1235).

A) ELISA



B). Western-Blot Analysis



X. REFERENCES:

- 1. Traxler, P. et al. (2001) Med. Res. Rev. 21, 499-512.
- 2. Park, M. et al. (1986) Cell 45, 895-904.
- 3. Schaeper, U. et al. (2000) J. Cell Biol. 149, 1419-1432.

XI. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Cause	Solution
1. Sample signals:		
a. Too low	Sample concentration is too low	a. Increasing sample concentration
b. Too high	b. Sample concentration is too high	b. Reducing sample concentration
2. Large CV	a. Inaccurate pipetting	a. Check pipettes
3. High background	a. Plate is insufficiently washed	a. Review the manual for proper washing. If using an automated plate washer, check that all ports are unobstructed.
	b. Contaminated wash buffer	b. Make fresh wash buffer
4. Positive Control: Low signal	a. Improper storage of the ELISA kit	 a. Upon receipt, the kit should be stored at -20 °C. Store the positive control at -70°C after reconstitution.
	b. Stop solution	b. Stop solution should be added to each well before measurement and read OD immediately.
	c. Improper primary or secondary antibody dilution	c. Ensure correct dilution

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Label based antibody array: Simultaneous detection more than 500 proteins in one experiment

Quantibody Array: Quantitative measurement of multiple protein levels Protein Array

ELISA

Cell-Based Phosphorylation ELISA

Tissue MicroArray

Protein: Cytokine, Chemokine, Adiplokine, Angiogenic factor, Virus, bacteria and infectious disease protein, hormone, Enzyme, other

Peptide

Antibody: Cytokine, Adipokine, Angiogenic factor, Signal transduction,
Transcription factor, Receptor, Adhesion molecule, Virus, bacteria and other
infectious agents, Secondary antibody, Tag antibody, Immunoglobulin,
Hormone, Cell surface, Protease, other

Antibody array, Protein array, Peptide array, ELISA, Phosphorylation assay Tissue array

Assay service: just simply send your samples and get data in 1 to 2 weeks.

Antibody array, Protein array, ELISA, Quantibody array

Antibody production: highest quality with very competitive price
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display, Antibody angineering, Antibody conjugation

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