



QuantiChromTM ATPase/GTPase Assay Kit (DATG-200)

DESCRIPTION

ATPases and GTPases catalyze the decomposition of ATP or GTP into ADP or GDP and free phosphate ion. These enzymes play key roles in transport, signal transduction, protein biosynthesis and cell differentiation. BioAssay Systems' QuantiChromTM ATPase/GTPase Assay Kit offers a highly sensitive method for determining ATPase/GTPase activities in a microplate format. Its proprietary formulation features a single reagent for accurate determination of enzyme activity in 30 min at room temperature.

The improved malachite green reagent forms a stable dark green color with liberated phosphate, which is measured on a plate reader (600 - 660 nm).

KEY FEATURES

High sensitivity: detection of as little of 2 pmoles of free phosphate.

Fast and convenient: single reagent, homogeneous "mix-and-measure" assay allows quantitation of enzyme activity within 30 minutes.

Robust and amenable to HTS: detection at 620nm greatly reduces potential interference by colored compounds. Z' factors of >0.7 are observed in 96-well and 384-well plates. Can be readily automated on HTS liquid handling systems.

APPLICATIONS

Determination of ATPase and GTPase activity.

Drug Discovery: high-throughput screen for ATPase or GTPase inhibitors.

KIT CONTENTS: 200 ASSAYS IN 96-WELL PLATE

Reagent: 50 mL Assay Buffer: 10 mL Standard: 1mL 1 mM phosphate

Storage conditions. The reagents and standard are stable for one year when stored at 4°C. **Precautions**: reagent contains 0.27 M H2SO4. Normal precautions for laboratory reagents

should be exercised while using the

reagents. Please refer to Material Safety Data Sheet for detailed information.

Important: All reagents must be brought to room temperature before use. Before each assay, it is important to check that enzyme preparations and assay buffers do not contain free phosphate. This can be conveniently done by adding 200 μ L of the Reagent to 40 μ L sample solution. The blank OD values at 620 nm should be lower than 0.3. If the OD readings are higher than 0.3, check phosphate level. Lab detergents may contain high levels of phosphate. Make sure that lab wares are free from contaminating phosphate after thorough washes.

ACTIVITY DETERMINATION IN 96-WELL PLATE

1. Preparation of phosphate standards. Prepare 800 μ L Premix solution containing 50 μ M phosphate by mixing 40 μ L 1 mM phosphate standard with 760 μ L distilled water. Number the tubes. Dilute standards as shown

in the following Table. Pipette 40 μ L standard in duplicate into wells of a clear-bottom 96-well plate.

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No	Premix + H ₂ O	Final Vol	Phosphate	pmoles Phosphate
		(μ L)	Conc (µM)	in 40 μL
1	200μL + 0μL	200	50	2,000
2	160μL + 40μL	200	40	1,600
3	120µL + 80µL	200	30	1,200
4	80μL + 120μL	200	20	800
5	60μL + 140μL	200	15	600
6	40μL + 160μL	200	10	400
7	20μL + 180μL	200	5	200
8	0μL + 200μL	200	0	0

2. Perform a series dilution of enzyme in assay buffer. Set up $40-\mu L$ reactions and a control with no enzyme in separate wells. Incubate the reaction for desired period of time (e.g. 30 min).

Reaction Well 20 µL Assay Buffer 10 µL enzyme 10 µL 4 mM ATP or GTP

Control Well 20 µL Assay Buffer 10 µL H2O 10 µL 4 mM ATP or GTP

- 3. Add 200 μ L Reagent and incubate 30 min at room temperature. Please note: use of a multi-chanel pipettor is recommended. The Reagent terminates the enzyme reaction and generates color with the free phosphate produced in the enzyme reaction.
- 4. Read OD620nm on a plate reader.
- 5. Enzyme activity. Calculate DOD values by subtracting OD values in reaction and control wells. Choose an enzyme concentration that gives a DOD of 0.5 to 1, this will ensure that substrate hydrolysis (<10%) is within the linear kinetics of reaction. Compute the concentration of free phosphate produced from the standard curve. 1 Unit of activity is the amount of enzyme that catalyzes the production of 1 μ mole of free phosphate per minute under the assay conditions.

INHIBITOR ASSAY IN 96-WELL PLATE

To evaluate an inhibitor or perform HTS, use the optimal enzyme concentration determined above. Incubate enzyme and inhibitor first for a certain period of time, before adding the substrate. At the end of reaction, add 200 μ L Reagent for phosphate determination.

Reaction Well

20 μL Assay Buffer 5 μL enzyme 5 μL inhibitor 10 μL 4 mM ATP or GTP Control Well 20 μL Assay Buffer

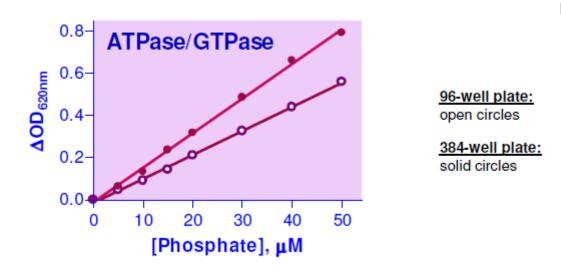
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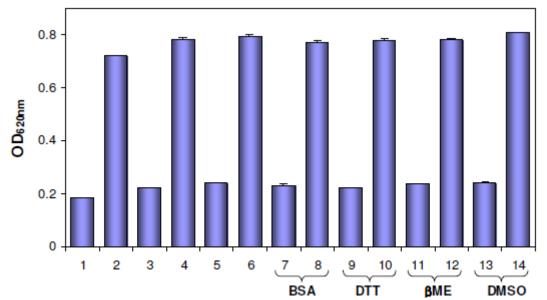
ASSAYS IN 384-WELL PLATE

The procedure is similar as in the 96-well plate assay, except that 20 μ L standards or 20 μ L reaction mixture (10 μ L Assay Buffer, 5 μ L 4 mM ATP, 5 μ L enzyme) are mixed with 80 μ L Reagent.

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

Materials. Use ultrapure ATP and GTP. The provided 2x assay buffer contains 40 mM Tris, 80 mM NaCl, 8 mM MgAc2, 1 mM EDTA, pH 7.5. Other buffers (Hepes, Mes, Mops) can be used. Assay is compatible with 1 mM DTT, 2mM b-mercaptoethanol, 0.5 mg/mL BSA and 5% DMSO.





Phosphate assays in 96-well plate. 1. H2O, 2. Phosphate, 3. ATP in H2O, 4. ATP/Phosphate in H2O, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13: ATP in Assay Buffer with, where indicated, 0.5 mg/mL BSA, 1 mM DTT, 2 mM b-mercaptoethanol (bME) and 5% DMSO. 6, 8, 10, 12, 14: ATP/Phosphate in Assay Buffer. Phosphate and ATP were at 50 μ M and 1 mM, respectively. The assay is not affected by these components.

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