

# AspLE I

GCG<sup>^</sup>C  
AccuCut™ Restriction Endonuclease

- Cat. No. E-1161 1000 Units  
E-1162 5000 Units

• Lot No. : 02C151491H8A3

## • Supplied with Enzyme

<b>10X AccuCut™ Red Buffer</b>	<b>: 1 mL</b>
500 mM	pH 7.6 Tris-HCl
100 mM	MgCl <sub>2</sub>
1 M	NaCl
10 mM	DTT
<b>1X Dilution Buffer</b>	<b>: 1 mL</b>
10 mM	pH 7.6 Tris-HCl
50 mM	KCl
0.1 mM	EDTA
1 mM	DTT
200 μg/mL	Acetylated BSA
50%	Glycerol

• Store at -20 °C.

• **Unit definition** : One unit of restriction endonuclease activity is defined as the amount of enzyme required to completely digest 1 μg of substrate DNA in a total reaction volume of 50 μL in one hour using the AccuCut™ buffer provided. Incubations are performed in 1.5 mL tubes at the appropriate incubation temperature as indicated in the Product Profile.

• **Isoschizomer** : *Hha* I, *Cfo* I, *Fnu* D III.

• **Neoschizomer** : *Hin* P I (G<sup>^</sup>CGC), *Hsp* A I (G<sup>^</sup>CGC).

• **Reactivity on methylated substrate DNA**: unidentified.

• **Ref**) 1. *Vysotskaya, E.M., Gonchar, D.A., Shevchenko, A.V., Abdurashitov, M.A., D, Unpublished observations.*

• **Source** : *Arthrobacter species* LE386.

• **Concentration** : 20 Units/μL

## • Reaction Condition

- 10X AccuCut™ Red Buffer
- Incubate at 37 °C.

## • Storage Buffer

20 mM	pH 7.5, Tris-HCl
50 mM	KCl
1 mM	EDTA
10 mM	2-mercaptoethanol
50%	Glycerol

• **Heat inactivation** : No.

## Quality Control

### • Overdigestion Assay :

No nonspecific activity was detected after incubation of 1 μg of λ DNA with 50 units of AspLE I for 15 hours.

\* Conditions of low ionic strength, high enzyme concentration, glycerol concentration >5%, or pH >8.0 may result in star activity.

### • Nuclease Contamination Assay :

No altered pattern was detected after incubation of 1 μg of substrate DNA with AspLE I in 50 μL reaction volume with the supplied AccuCut™ buffer overnight.

### • Ligation and Recutting Assay :

This assay is used to test for exonuclease activity that would degrade the termini of restriction fragments, resulting in inhibition of ligation and of subsequent digestion of ligated fragments. After 40-fold overdigestion with AspLE I, 95% of the DNA fragments can be ligated and recut with AspLE I.