MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY



Anti-PGRP-L (45G1)

Background : Peptidoglycan recognition proteins (PGRPs) are pattern recognition molecules that recognize bacteria and their unique cell wall component, peptidoglycan (PGN).

Mammals have four PGRPs, designated in PGRP-S(24kDa), PGRPhumans L(60~65kDa), PGRP-Iα(38kDa), and PGRP-Iβ(44kDa). Human PGRPs are differentially expressed in various tissues and organs: PGRP-S mainly in the bone marrow and Polymorphonuclear leukocyte (PMNs), PGRP-L mainly in the liver, and PGRP-Ia and PGRP-Ib mainly in the esophagus.

The function of only one mammalian PGRP, PGRP-S, is currently known. Mouse PGRP-S is present in neutrophils and inhibits growth of Gram-positive bacteria and, therefore, may function as a neutrophil antibacterial protein.

Immunogen: Peptidoglycan recognition protein(PGRP)-L purified form Human protein

Host: Mouse

Clone number: 45G1

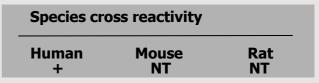
Isotype: IgG1, k

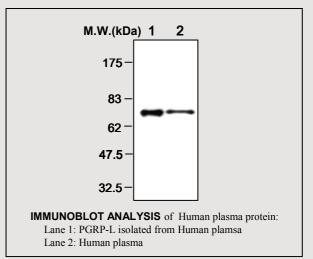
Composition : PBS containing 50% glycerol

Positive control: Human plasma

Size: $100 \mu \ell$

Storage : Store for 1 year at -20°C from date of shipment





Applications:

ELISA

Western blotting(1:2000)

Background Reference:

1) Zheng-Ming Wang et. al. (2003) J Biol Chem 278

(49): 49044-49052

2) Chao Liu et. al. (2001) J Biol Chem 276(37):

34686-34694

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