MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY



Anti-C1 inhibitor (4G12)

Background: C1 inhibitor (C1-INH) is a serine protease inhibitor that inactivates several different proteases complement, contact, coagulation, fibrinolytic systems. Though C1-INH has 478 residues (53kDa), the circulating protein is approximately 104 kDa by post-translational modification. Deficiency of C1-INH results in hereditary angioedema. In addition, C1-INH may prove useful in a variety of other diseases including septic shock, reperfusion injury, hyperacute transplant rejection, traumatic and hemorrhagic shock.

Immunogen : C1 inhibitor protein

purified from Human plasma

Host: Mouse

Clone number: 4G12

Isotype: IgG1, k

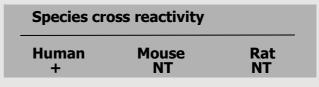
Size: 100 μℓ

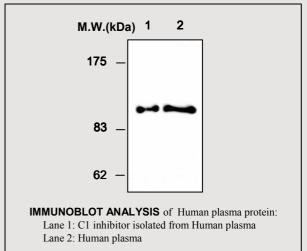
Concentration : PBS containing 50% glycerol

Positive control: Human plasma

Storage : Store for 1 year at -20°C from date

of shipment





Applications:

Western blotting(1:2,000) Immunoprecipitation (2 $\mu\ell/400 \mu\ell$ lysates)

Background Reference:

- (1) Prada, A.E. et al (1998) Immunobiology 199(2): 377-88
- (2) Bock, S. C. et al (1986) Biochemistry 25: 4292-4301

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