

## bs-7649R-A647

### • Rabbit Anti-CIDE A Polyclonal Antibody, Alexa Fluor 647 conjugated

Conjugated Primary Antibodies

#### Background:

Apoptosis is related to many diseases and induced by a family of cell death receptors and their ligands. Cell death signals are transduced by death domain containing adapter molecules and members of the caspase family of proteases. These death signals finally cause the degradation of chromosomal DNA by activated DNase. DFF45/ICAD has been identified as inhibitor of caspase activated DNase DFF40/CAD. DFF45 related proteins CIDE A and CIDE B (for cell death inducing DFF like effector A and B) were recently identified. CIDE contains a new type of domain termed CIDE N, which has high homology with the regulatory domains of DFF45/ICAD and DFF40/CAD. Expression of CIDE A induces DNA fragmentation and activates apoptosis, which is inhibited by DFF45. CIDE A is a DFF45 inhibitable effector that promotes cell death and DNA fragmentation. CIDE A is expressed in many tissues.

**Purification:** Was purified by Protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.

#### Storage:

Prepared as lyophilized powder or liquid and shipped on ice. Store at -20°C for one year. Protect from light.

#### Reconstitution:

If the antibody is in liquid form, no reconstitution needed.

Reconstitution is only required for the lyophilized antibody. Please refer to the reconstitution instruction card in the package.

**Size:** 100ul or 100ug lyophilized

**Concentration:** 1ug/uL

**Host:** Rabbit

#### Reactivities:

Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Dog, Pig, Horse, Rabbit,

#### Application:

- IF(1:100-500)
- Not yet tested in other applications. Optimal working dilutions must be determined by the end user.

**Antibody Type:** Polyclonal

**Isotype:** IgG

**Molecular Weight:** 23kDa

#### Preservatives:

10ug/uL BSA and 0.1% NaN<sub>3</sub>.

For research use only. CAUTION: Not for human or animal therapeutic or diagnostic use.

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